



Clinician Manual

Symptom Catcher Technical Guide & Clinical Utilization Manual

NeuroCatchers · Boston Neuromind LLC

v1.0 · 2026 | 31 AI Modules · 252 Items · 5-Lens Analysis

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1. System Overview & Philosophy

Design Philosophy

Symptom Catcher is designed to **"augment clinical insight with AI"**. Overcoming limitations of single-questionnaire tools:

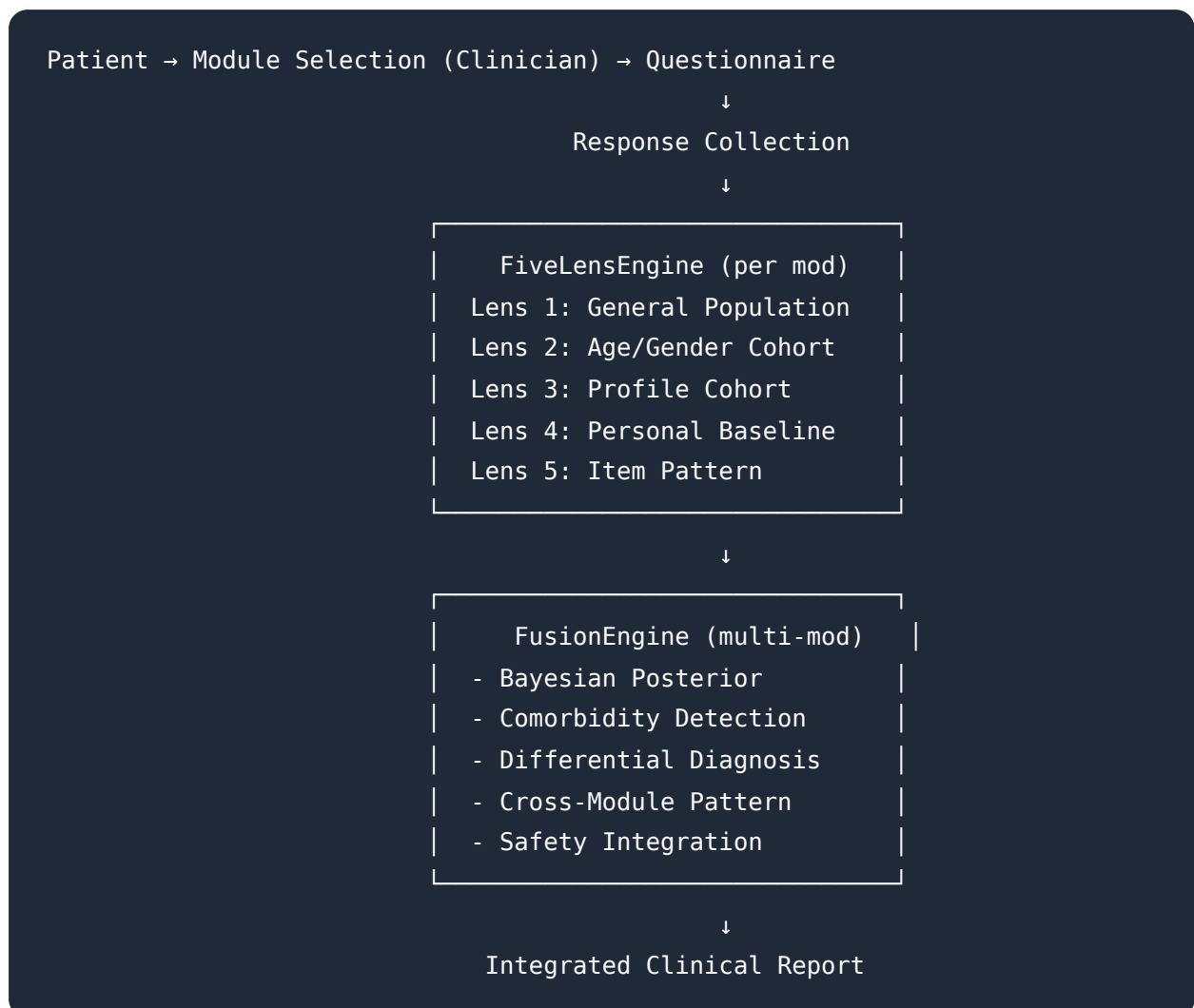
- Provides **5-dimensional profile**, not single score
- Presents **integrated diagnostic context**, not individual diagnosis
- **Auto-detects** comorbidities and differentials
- **Integrates** with objective brain measurements (QEEG, ERP, HRV)

🎯 Core Principle

AI does **NOT diagnose**. AI is a tool to support clinician decisions.

- 🎯 AI: Pattern detection + screening + risk flagging + integrated analysis
- 👤 Clinician: Diagnosis + treatment decisions + responsibility

System Architecture



2. 31 AI Modules in Detail

Mood Disorders (3)

MoodCatcher9

Major Depression (MDD)
9 items · ~4 min

ManiaCatcher7

Bipolar I Mania
7 items · ~4 min

HypomaniaCatcher6

Bipolar II Hypomania
6 items · ~3 min

Anxiety / OCD / Trauma (3)

AnxiCatcher7

GAD + Panic + Social Anxiety
7 items · ~3 min

TraumaCatcher20

PTSD / Complex PTSD
20 items · ~8 min

ObsessCatcher10

OCD + OCDR
10 items · ~5 min

Psychotic Spectrum (3)

PsychosisCatcher12

Schizophrenia Core Symptoms
12 items · ~6 min

SchizoffectiveCatcher8

Schizoffective Disorder
8 items · ~4 min

BriefPsychoticCatcher5

Brief Psychotic (incl. postpartum)
5 items · ~3 min

Neurodevelopmental / Cognitive (5)

AttendCatcher18 ★

Adult ADHD (BCN specialty)
18 items · ~8 min

AutismCatcher10

Adult ASD
10 items · ~4 min

LearningCatcher6 ★

Learning Disorders (BCN specialty)

6 items · ~3 min

TicCatcher5

Tic / Tourette

5 items · ~2 min

CognitiveDeclineCatcher8

MCI / Dementia Screening

8 items · ~3 min

 **Sleep Disorders (5)**

InsomniaCatcher8

Insomnia

8 items

HypersomniaCatcher6

Hypersomnolence + Narcolepsy

6 items

SleepApneaCatcher7

OSA Screening

7 items

CircadianCatcher5

Circadian Rhythm Disorders

5 items

NightmareCatcher5

Nightmare Disorder + RBD

5 items

 **Eating Disorders (3)**

AnorexiaCatcher6

Anorexia Nervosa

6 items

BulimiaCatcher6

Bulimia Nervosa

6 items

BingeEatingCatcher5

Binge Eating Disorder

5 items

 **Substance / Impulse (3)**

AlcoholUseCatcher10

Alcohol Use Disorder

10 items

SubstanceUseCatcher8

General Substance Use

8 items

DisruptiveCatcher8

ODD / CD / IED

8 items

Personality / Dissociative / Somatic (6)

BorderlineCatcher9

BPD (9 criteria)

9 items

NarcissisticCatcher7

NPD

7 items

AntisocialCatcher7

ASPD

7 items

AvoidDependCatcher8

AvPD / DPD

8 items

DissociativeCatcher8

DID / DPDR

8 items

SomaticCatcher8

SSD / IAD / FND

8 items

3. 5-Lens Analysis System



Innovation Point

The same score has completely different clinical meanings depending on **who you compare against**. 5-Lens analyzes these simultaneously in multi-dimension.

Lens 1: General Population

- **Reference:** 15,000-subject normative DB mean \pm SD
- **Output:** Z-score, Percentile
- **Clinical meaning:** "This patient is in the top ___% of the population"

Lens 2: Age-Gender Cohort

- **Reference:** Same age \times gender group
- **Cohorts:** 18-29 M/F, 30-49 M/F, 50-64 M/F, 65+

- **Clinical meaning:** Age and gender context-reflected interpretation

Lens 3: Symptom Profile Cohort

- **Reference:** Patients with similar profile
- **Classification:** Emotional-dominant / Somatic / Cognitive / Mixed
- **Clinical meaning:** Auto-detection of Melancholic, Atypical, Mixed features

Lens 4: Personal Baseline

- **Reference:** Patient's own past scores
- **Output:** Δ (change), trend (worsening/improving/stable)
- **Clinical meaning:** Quantitative treatment response tracking

Lens 5: Item Pattern

- **Analysis:** Individual item patterns, not total score
- **Detection:** Dominant subscale, Extreme items, Clinical patterns
- **Clinical meaning:** Subtle clinical subtypes

4. Fusion Engine Principles

Core Innovation

Real patients don't have just one diagnosis. 60% of MDD have comorbid anxiety, 50% of ADHD adults have depression. Fusion Engine integrates these **mathematically**.

Bayesian Posterior Calculation

$$P(Dx \mid \text{evidence}) = P(\text{evidence} \mid Dx) \times P(Dx) / P(\text{evidence})$$

- $P(Dx)$: Prior probability (prevalence)
- $P(\text{evidence} \mid Dx)$: Probability of symptom pattern given diagnosis
- Posterior: Probability considering observed symptom pattern

Comorbidity Detection

- **21 comorbidity rates** embedded (literature-based)
- Major comorbid pairs:
 - MDD + GAD: 60%
 - ADHD + MDD (adult): 50%
 - PTSD + MDD: 48%
 - OCD + MDD: 30%
 - BPD + MDD: 83%

Differential Diagnosis Rules (7)

1. MDD vs Bipolar → Check past mania/hypomania
2. ADHD vs Cognitive Decline → Onset timing (childhood vs adulthood)
3. PTSD vs BPD → Trauma history, relationship instability
4. Schizophrenia vs Bipolar psychotic → Mood episode duration
5. Anxiety vs Bipolar → Energy level, sleep pattern
6. Depression vs Dementia → Cognitive decline pattern
7. Substance-induced vs Primary → Use history

5. Clinical Workflow

First Visit Recommended Flow

Step 1: Brief Initial Interview (5-10 min)

Chief complaint, history, family history → preliminary domain estimation

Step 2: Module Selection (1 min)

Check 2-5 modules based on chief complaint. Recommended combinations:

- Depression → MoodCatcher9 + ManiaCatcher7 (Bipolar DDx!) + AnxiCatcher7
- Anxiety → AnxiCatcher7 + MoodCatcher9 + TraumaCatcher20
- Attention → AttendCatcher18 + MoodCatcher9 + AnxiCatcher7 + CognitiveDeclineCatcher8
- Trauma history → TraumaCatcher20 + MoodCatcher9 + DissociativeCatcher8

- Psychosis → PsychosisCatcher12 + MoodCatcher9 + ManiaCatcher7

Step 3: Patient Self-Administered Survey (10-30 min)

Patient responds independently in quiet space. Clinician can do other tasks.

Step 4: AI Results Review (3-5 min)

Check: Safety banner → Rankings → Comorbidities → Recommendations

Step 5: Clinical Interview and Confirmation (20-30 min)




Review AI results with patient. Confirm with interview.

5.5. v2.2 Triage Methodologies

v2.2 Update: Clinicians and patients can now choose between 4 assessment methodologies based on their situation.

3 Role Selection

Entering Panel 4 (AI Module Selection), first select **who is running the assessment:**

Role	Use Case	UI
 Patient Direct	Patient self-administers on tablet/computer	Natural conversation + AI auto-suggestion
 Therapist Companion	Clinician conducting live session with patient	Question list generator + print/email
 Expert Manual	Clinician directly selects 31 modules	Original v10 UI preserved

4 Assessment Methodologies

★ Hybrid (Best Accuracy) — Boston Neuromind Default

- **Method:** Evidence-based validated scales (70%) + AI conversation analysis (30%) integrated
- **Time:** 15-25 min
- **Advantage:** Highest accuracy + pattern recognition
- **Recommended for:** All patients (especially when BNM operates directly)
- **Evidence:** Synergy of DSM-5-TR validated scales + AI pattern recognition

Evidence Only (Traditional Method)

- **Method:** Only validated standard questionnaires (BPS-90 + 31 modules full items)
- **Time:** 20-30 min
- **Advantage:** Most conservative, pure evidence-based
- **Recommended for:** Research purposes, insurance documentation, AI-hesitant patients


AI Only (Quick Method)

- **Method:** AI conversation + key items only (3-5 per module)
- **Time:** 5-10 min
- **Advantage:** Time-efficient, initial screening
- **Recommended for:** Emergency triage, preliminary assessment, time-constrained situations
- **Caution:** Screening purposes only, not diagnostic

Print + Email Distribution (Asynchronous)


- **Method:** Send questions via print or email to patient, collect responses
- **Time:** Asynchronous (patient's convenience)
- **Advantage:** Pre-session preparation, patient fills at home
- **Recommended for:** Pre-consultation prep, repeat assessments, remote patients

Print Feature Usage

1. Select Therapist role → Enter patient context → Click "Generate Question List"
2. Click " **Print**" button at top-right of generated question list
3. New window opens with printable PDF format
4. Includes 3 blank lines below each question for written answers
5. DSM-5 criteria shown with each question (clinical reference)

6. Windows: Ctrl+P / Mac: Cmd+P to print or save as PDF

Email Feature Usage

1. After "Generate Question List", click " **Email**" button
2. Default mail app opens automatically (Outlook, Apple Mail, Gmail, etc.)
3. Subject and question body auto-populated
4. Blank answer lines included below each question
5. Clinician enters patient's email → Send
6. Patient replies with answers, or brings to next session
7. **Note:** For long question sets (over 2000 chars), automatically switches to clipboard copy mode

Evidence-Based Asset Preservation Philosophy

Core Principle: v2.2 **never discards** any existing evidence-based assets.

- 31 AI modules — DSM-5-TR + original research structure preserved
- BPS-90 — Full biopsychosocial 90-item model retained
- All cohort data — 10,000+ normative database maintained
- Critical Factor Scanner — Safety-first approach unchanged

AI serves as **augmentation, not replacement**. Clinicians can always use "Evidence Only" mode for traditional methodology.

Admin Mode — Boston Neuromind Only

Evidence weight adjustment and default methodology settings are **admin-only**. Not visible in standard clinician UI.

Admin Permissions:

- Set default methodology (HYBRID/AI_ONLY/EVIDENCE_ONLY)
- Restrict available methodologies per clinic
- Adjust module weights when new meta-analyses are published
- Example: If 2026 PHQ-9 meta-analysis supports higher weight → mood_catcher_9 weight 1.0 → 1.2

B2B Licensing Scenario: Licensed clinics can select their own default methodology (e.g., conservative clinics = EVIDENCE_ONLY, busy clinics = AI_ONLY).

Windows / Mac Compatibility

v2.2 works fully on both Windows and Mac environments:

- **Windows:** Chrome, Edge, Firefox supported. Automatic UTF-8 BOM added for Korean file downloads to prevent character corruption.
- **Mac:** Safari, Chrome, Firefox supported. `-webkit-print-color-adjust` applied for accurate Safari print colors.
- **3-level Clipboard Fallback:** Modern API → `execCommand` → Manual modal (works on any browser).
- **Email:** Uses `mailto` web standard (no separate configuration needed).
- **Printing:** CSS `break-inside: avoid` + `page-break-inside: avoid` both applied (includes older browsers).

Content 3-Tier Synthesis (v2.2 Core Technology)

Addressing the coverage concern: "Can we cover 30+ diagnostic combinations?" → The 3-Tier system covers all cases.

Tier 0: Critical Factor Scanner (Safety First)

Always runs first — Every input text is immediately checked for safety concerns.

- **Tier 3 patterns:** Suicidal ideation, self-harm, hallucinations, overdose → CRITICAL, immediate clinician intervention
- **Tier 2 patterns:** Benzo+Alcohol combos, Stimulant+Depression, Pregnancy+Medication → Caution
- On detection: conversation pauses, safety-first flow activates

Tier 1: Keyword Pattern Matching (Fast, Always Works)

Baseline — Multilingual keyword patterns for all 31 modules.

- Korean + English keywords supported simultaneously
- Score calculation: matched keyword count × position weight
- Top 4 modules suggested (after ≥2 conversation turns)
- Works without Claude API (offline resilience)

Tier 2: Claude API Reasoning (Deep Analysis)

Claude's strength — DSM-5-TR-based deep reasoning + context understanding.

- Full patient narrative context analysis
- Subtle pattern detection (e.g., atypical depression, complex PTSD)
- JSON-structured output (message + suggested_modules + reasoning + critical_flag)
- Natural language response in Korean/English

Tier 3: Synthesis (Integration — v2.2 Core Innovation)

Intelligently combines Tier 1 + Tier 2 results:

- Weighted score aggregation (Tier 1: 40%, Tier 2: 60%)
- Agreement calculation — when both systems recommend same modules, **confidence +15% boost**
- On disagreement: reasoning explains why (explainable AI)
- Critical flag detected → confidence minimum 80% (safety priority)
- Final output: top 4 modules + confidence + reasoning + flags



Confidence Score Interpretation

Score	Meaning	Recommended Action
0.90-0.98	Very High	Proceed with AI recommendation as is
0.70-0.89	High	Quick clinician review then proceed
0.50-0.69	Medium	Additional clinical interview recommended
0.00-0.49	Low	Consider switching to Evidence Only mode

6. Results Interpretation Guide

Safety Banner (Highest Priority!)

 **Safety Risk Auto-Detected**

Green: Safe · Amber: Caution · Red: Immediate Evaluation

Diagnosis Rankings

- **Primary (1st):** Posterior > 50% = High confidence
- **Secondary (2nd):** 15-50% = DDx needed or comorbidity
- **3rd-5th:** 5-15% = Consider further exploration

5-Lens Interpretation



Z-score Range	Interpretation	Recommendation
$Z < 1.0$	Normal range	Monitor
$1.0 \leq Z < 2.0$	Mild elevation	Watch, reassess
$2.0 \leq Z < 3.0$	Moderate elevation	Clinical eval, consider treatment
$Z \geq 3.0$	Severe elevation	Immediate intervention

7. Safety Protocols

Required Actions When Suicide Risk Detected

1. Do NOT interrupt interview immediately — stay with patient
2. Assess risk level (ideation/plan/means/intent)
3. Develop safety plan (Safety Planning Intervention)
4. If needed, ER referral or hospitalization
5. Establish follow-up before next appointment

Crisis Resources (Provide to Patient)

-  **988** - Suicide & Crisis Lifeline
-  **1393** - Suicide Prevention

- 1577-0199 - Mental Health Crisis

8. QEEG / ERP / HRV Integration (Boston Neuromind Specialty)

⚡ Exclusive 3-System Combination

- **Thought Technology (BioGraph Infiniti):** NFB + multimodal BFB
- **Mitsar EEG + Neuroguide:** 19-channel QEEG
- **HBImed + HBI Database:** Kropotov ERP

AI Module × Objective Measurement Integration

AI Module	QEEG Marker	ERP Marker	HRV Marker
AttendCatcher18	Theta/Beta ↑	P300 ↓	Reduced regulation
MoodCatcher9	Alpha asymmetry	P200 change	HRV ↓
AnxiCatcher7	Beta ↑	N200 ↑	LF/HF imbalance
TraumaCatcher20	Alpha ↓	P300 change	HRV severely ↓
PsychosisCatcher12	Alpha peak ↓	P300 ↓↓	-

9. Limitations & Cautions

⚠ Limitations of This Tool

- AI does not diagnose — clinical judgment essential
- Normative DB is generalized (individual differences exist)
- Self-report limitations (malingering, poor insight)
- Cultural context limits (development culture bias)

- Screening tool, not for standalone diagnosis

Appropriate Use

- Initial screening
- Treatment progress tracking
- Comorbidity consideration
- Clinical decision support
- Standalone diagnosis
- Legal/administrative purposes

10. References

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